

Grattan Institute Report – Februay, 2017. **Engaging Students**

Creating classrooms that improve learning By Peter Goss and Julie Sonnemann

1. The classroom environment matters to student learning

- 1.1 Classroom environments affect teachers and students
- Learning, not silence, must be the end goal 1.2
- There is a clear body of knowledge about what works best 1.3
- 1.4 Universal strategies can defuse minor problems early on

2. Many students are disengaged in Australian classrooms

- Classrooms are not out of control but many students are not engaged in learning
- 2.1.1 Disengagement is worse in low socioeconomic schools
- 2.2 Little is known about why students are not engaging, but boredom is an issue
- 2.3 Students who are disengaged perform worse over time
- 2.3.1 Quiet disengagement should not go under the radar
- Disruptive behaviour affects the learning of others

3. Teachers struggle with low-level disengagement and disruption

- 3.1 Minor behaviour issues are a real concern for teachers
- 3.2 Some teachers are more stressed than others
- 3.3 Teachers want more support
- 3.4 Stressed teachers can fall into a vicious cycle
- A no-lose part of the solution is creating better classroom environments 3.5

4. How to create classrooms that improve learning

- 4.1 Preventive approaches
- 4.1.1 High expectations for every student
- 4.1.2 Good teacher-student relationships
- 4.1.3 Clarity and structure
- 4.1.4 Active Learning
- 4.2 Responsive approaches
- 4.2.1 Encouragement and praise

5. Schools can do more to empower teachers

- 5.1 School-wide approaches are critical
- 5.2 Schools should also provide practical support
- 5.2.1 Create better induction programs
- 5.2.2 Ensure teachers collaborate with colleagues
- 5.2.3 Provide teachers with the tools to assess and improve their approaches to engaging students
- 5.2.4 Provide extra support for teachers confronted by serious misbehaviour





